## Grade 12

## Past Paper Question

## June 2019

## QUESTION 4

Given the exponential function: $g(x)=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x}$
4.1 Write down the range of $g$.
4.2 Determine the equation of $g^{-1}$ in the form $y=\ldots$
4.3 Is $g^{-1}$ a function? Justify your answer.
4.4 The point $\mathrm{M}(a ; 2)$ lies on $g^{-1}$.
4.4.1 Calculate the value of $a$.
4.4.2
$\mathrm{M}^{\prime}$, the image of M , lies on $g$. Write down the coordinates of $\mathrm{M}^{\prime}$.
4.5 If $h(x)=g(x+3)+2$, write down the coordinates of the image of $\mathrm{M}^{\prime}$ on $h$.

QUESTION/VRAAG 4

| 4.1 | $y>0$ <br> OR/OF $y \in(0 ; \infty)$ | $\checkmark$ answer <br> OR/OF <br> $\checkmark$ answer | (1) (1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.2 | $\begin{aligned} & g: y=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x} \\ & g^{-1}: x=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{y} \\ & y=\log _{\frac{1}{2}} x \quad \text { or } \quad y=-\log _{2} x \quad \text { or } \quad y=\log _{2} \frac{1}{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\checkmark x=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{y}$ <br> $\checkmark$ equation | (2) |
| 4.3 | Yes. The vertical line test cuts $g^{-1}$ once Ja. Die vertikale lyn toets sny $g^{-1}$ slegs eenkeer. <br> OR/OF <br> Yes. For every $x$-value there is a unique $y$-value <br> Ja. Vir elke $x$-waarde is daar ' $n$ unieke $y$-waarde <br> OR/OF <br> Yes. $g$ is a one-to-one function / Ja. $g$ is 'n een-tot-een funksie <br> OR/OF <br> Yes. The horizontal line cuts $g$ only once <br> Ja. Die horisontale lyn sny g slegs een keer | $\checkmark$ yes <br> $\checkmark$ valid reason <br> OR/OF <br> $\checkmark$ yes <br> $\checkmark$ valid reason <br> OR/OF <br> $\checkmark$ yes <br> $\checkmark$ valid reason <br> OR/OF <br> $\checkmark$ yes <br> $\checkmark$ valid reason | (2) (2) (2) |


| 4.4.1 | $y=-\log _{2} x$ <br> $2=-\log _{2} a$ <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> $a=2^{-2}=\frac{1}{4} \quad$ or $\quad a=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}=\frac{1}{4}$ | $\checkmark$ correct subst into correct <br> formula $(a ; 2)$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4.4 .2 | $\mathrm{M}^{\prime}\left(2 ; \frac{1}{4}\right)$ or $\mathrm{M}^{\prime}(2 ; a)$ | $\checkmark$ answer | (2) |
| 4.5 | $\mathrm{M}^{\prime \prime}\left(-1 ; \frac{9}{4}\right)$ | $\checkmark-1$ <br>  | $\checkmark \frac{9}{4}$ |
|  |  |  | (1) |

