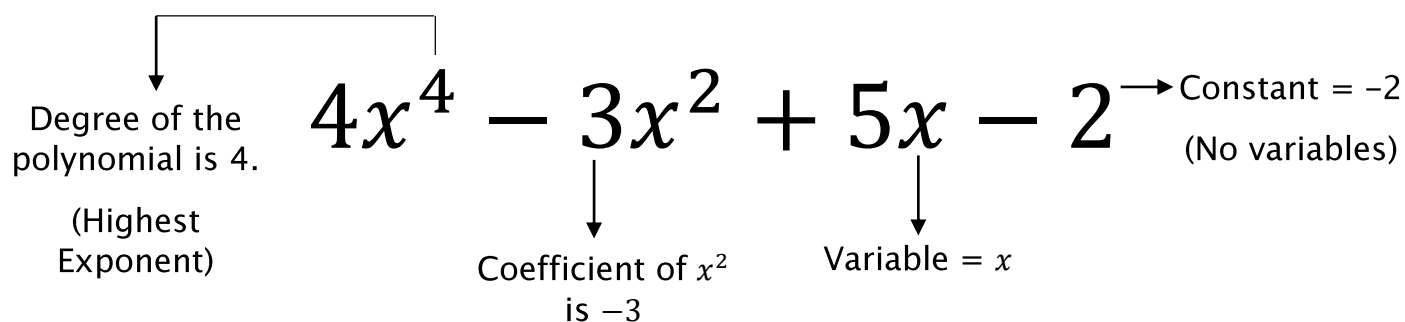


## ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS - TOPIC 8



### Names of Expressions:

Monomial: An expression containing 1 term                      Eg:  $xyz$ ;  $x$ ;  $3z$ ;  $4(x - 2)$

Binomial: An expression containing 2 terms                      Eg:  $x - 3$ ;

Trinomial: An expression containing 3 terms                      Eg:  $a - 2c + 3m$

### Examples:

1. Add  $(3x^2 - x + 4)$  and  $(2x^2 - 3x - 1) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Subtract  $(-4x^2 + 3)$  from  $(6x^2 - 2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

3. In the following expression:  $-5x^3 + 3x^2 + x - 1$

a. There are \_\_\_\_\_ terms.

b. The constant term is \_\_\_\_\_.

c. The degree of the expression is \_\_\_\_\_.

d. The coefficient of the  $x^2$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

e. What is the value of the expression, if  $x = -2$

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

### Multiply and Divide Polynomials

#### Examples:

1.  $3(2x - 4) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $-2x(-2x^3 + 4x^2 - 2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3.  $4(x - 3) - 2x(x - 4) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

4.  $x^2(x^4 - x + 5) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

5.  $3 - 4(x + 2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

### Multiply Binomials

**F** - Firsts

**O** - Outers

**I** - Inners

**L** - Lasts

$$(x + 3)(x - 2)$$

= \_\_\_\_\_

= \_\_\_\_\_

### Examples:

1.  $(x - 5)(x + 3) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2.  $(x + 6)(x + 2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

3.  $(2x + 4)(-3x - 3) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

4.  $(x - 2)^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

= \_\_\_\_\_

= \_\_\_\_\_

5.  $(2x + 4)(2x - 2) - (x + 3)^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

= \_\_\_\_\_

= \_\_\_\_\_

### Topic 8: Exercise 1

1.  $\frac{3x-2}{x} \quad x \neq 0$

2.  $\frac{5x^2-x+3}{x} \quad x \neq 0$

3.  $\frac{2x(x-3)}{6x} \quad x \neq 0$

4.  $\frac{-2x^3+x^2-x+9}{-x} \quad x \neq 0$

5.  $\left(\frac{3xy}{4x}\right)^2 \quad x \neq 0$



**CHALLENGE  
ACCEPTED**